### Spelling Worksavers

Grades 3-5

Written by Nancy Madsen Illustrated by Nancy Madsen

ISBN 1-55035-617-8 Copyright 1999 Revised December 2005

All Rights Reserved \* Printed in Canada

### Permission to Reproduce

Permission is granted to the individual teacher who purchases one copy of this book to reproduce the student activity material for use in his/her classroom only. Reproduction of these materials for an entire school or for a school system, or for other colleagues or for commercial sale is <u>strictly prohibited</u>. No part of this publication may be transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, recording or otherwise without the prior written permission of the publisher. "We acknowledge the financial support of the Government of Canada through the Book Publishing Industry Development Program (BPIDP) for this project."

Published in the United States by: On the Mark Press 3909 Witmer Road PMB 175 Niagara Falls, New York 14305 www.onthemarkpress.com Published in Canada by: S&S Learning Materials 15 Dairy Avenue Napanee, Ontario K7R 1M4 www.sslearning.com

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

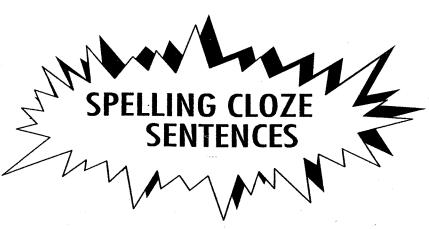
Teacher Forward	, 4
Synonym/Antonym	5
Sentence Structure	1c
Alphabetical Order	13
Alliteration	16
Similies	20
Consonants	24
Vowels	26
Brainstorming	29
Dictionary Skills	33
Sound Builders	37
Syllables	
Noun/Verb	45
Adjective/Adverb	
Word Lists	53
Blank Pages	55

## ANTONYMS are words that are opposites. e.g. tall-short, black-white, kind-mean, etc.

**SYNONYMS** are words that mean the same thing. e.g. tiny-small, huge-gigantic, nice-kind, etc.

Write synonyms or antonyms for your list words in the left column. Your partner guesses the appropriate list word and writes it in the right column.	
SYNONYM ANTICS	
1/2	







Review correct sentence structure with the students. Make the lead-up page (page 9) into an overhead. then ask the students to select the sentence from each pair and explain why it is a sentence. Then tell the students that a cloze passage or sentence leaves out words. Students must use the context of the passage or sentence to help them figure out the word. Ask the students to look at the words in the rectangle at the bottom of the page. Then have them look at the sentences with the words omitted. Students will select the right word to fill in the blank.



Have the students think up a sentence with five to eight words in it. Give the students a large strip of paper. Have them fold 1\4 of the strip back.

Write the sentence on the part of the strip that is not folded back in large, easily visible letters leaving out one word. Write the missing word on the folded back part. Students present their sentence to the class having them try to guess the missing word. When someone guesses the missing word the student shows the folded back portion and reads their sentence aloud.



Students work in pairs. They create cloze sentences for their partners. Then they exchange papers and fill in the correct words from their spelling list.





Identify the sentences from the following groups of words.

- A. Paul played the piano. Grant the violin ran.
- B. Trevor dog good training. The dog ate the food in the dish.
- C. Christmas is my favorite holiday. Halloween costumes wore.

Find the word in the rectangle below to complete the sentence correctly.

1. The boy ran	across the street.
2. Mary	hard for the test.
3. Put the	on the letter.
4. The	marked the test papers.
5. a	squirrel burried acorns in the
ground.	<del></del>
6. Bats live in _	
7. The horse	across the meadow.
8. Cookies are b	paking in the .

quickly gray stamp galloped teacher caves oven studied

## SPELLING PARTNER CLOZE



Write sentences that use your list words. Leave out the list word. Make a blank. Exchange with your partner and fill in the blanks with the right list word.

1.			
2.			
<u>2.</u> <u>3.</u>			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.	`		
9.			
1 <u>0.</u>			
11.			
12.			
13.		·	
14.	·	,	
	-		



Sentences should contain five or more words.