## Critical Thinking Skills

Sight and Picture Words Big Book
High-Frequency Sight Words
High-Frequency Picture Words
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|  | Skills For Critical Thinking | $\begin{array}{rl} \overline{0} & 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ e & 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & =0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ei } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l}  \\ =0 \\ =0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - Identify <br> - Read <br> - Match <br> - Select <br> - Record | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \end{aligned}$ |
|  | - Use <br> - Describe <br> - Reorganize <br> - Interpret |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \end{aligned}$ |
|  | - Choose Information <br> - Construct <br> - Apply What Is Learned |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ <br> $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ <br> $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ <br> $\checkmark$ | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \end{aligned}$ |
|  | - Discrimina <br> - Illustrate <br> - Identify Relationsnups | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ <br> $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ $\checkmark$ $\checkmark$ |
|  | - Decide <br> - Make Choices <br> - Explain |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ $\checkmark$ $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & \checkmark \end{aligned}$ |
|  | - Design (i.e., a picture book) <br> - Create |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |

Based on Bloom's Taxonomy

## (ㄱ) Before You Teach

## 1,2,3,4,5,6

## Graphic Organizer Transparencies

Suggestions for using the six Graphic Organizer Transparencies included in our Sight Word Book are found below. They may also be adapted to suit the individual needs of your students. The transparencies can be used on an overhead projector in teacher-led activities, and/or photocopied for use as student worksheets. To evaluate students' responses to any of the organizers, you may wish to use the Assessment Rubric (on page 4). Once each activity has been taught and practiced many times, it can become a center or be used as an individual activity.


## RHYME TIME

This organizer can be used as a whole class activity and then as a small group or individual activity. Ts introduce this to the whole class, talk about rhyming words. Ask dents: How do you know when words rhyme? Do these words $r$ re me - hoy/girl, ate/date, at/cat, big/large? When you are confiden at thajority of the students understand rhyming words, ask stude sugge sight words that they know. Create a list on the board of the Agestions. Choose five words from the list the wou can find aing words for. One at a time orally manipulate each ind to creaty real and nonsense words. Ask students to listen ty rhy lo w Does the word make sense? Does it sound $y$ at? To ether Amine if it is a real word. Record three real rhymin vord or each sight word, then do the same process for the ne sigh until the sheet is complete. Found on Page 55.

## WRITE THE ROOM

This organizer can be used as a whole class, small : activity. Ask students to look around the classroom fo brainstorm a list of sight words found in th sroom. Choose ten words. Write one on each line and draw a picture to nate sh mord. Write a sentence using five of the words. At first, the wayneed manipulatives to assist them with this activity. You $c$ ctupprovide adents with the flash cards to help them identify sight words.


## TAKE A GUESS

This organizer can be used as a whole class, small group or individual activity. For a class activity, lead your students through how to successfully complete this activity. Prior to beginning the activity, pick a sight word. Fill in the clues. Together brainstorm 3-4 possible answers to each clue in the side margin. Model how to eliminate guesses that do not fit the subsequent clues.

Extend the activity by having students write their own sentence using the word. Found on Page 57.

## 1,2,3,4,5,6

## Graphic Organizer Transparencies



## SIGHT WORD TALLY CHART

This organizer can be used as a whole class, small group or individual activity. For a whole class activity, use a shared reading text that students are familiar with. Read one page at a time and together identify sight words. Read up to five pages until ten sight words are found. Place a tally in the column on the right every time the word appears in the text. Once the sheet has been completed, review the sight words and tallies. Which word appeared most often in the text? Which word appeared the same number of times? Found on Page 58.

## PREDICT THE HIDDEN WORD

This organizer is a whole class and/or small group activi pictures in the story. Read the title to the students and as what kind of things happen there. Ask students to predic you read the passage aloud. In the side margin reoned three each word covered. Reveal one letter at a time for vered voras. As each letter is revealed:

- Ask the students if the predictions loo sible. (D each predicted word?)
- Ask the students if they would like to cr $\$$
- Would they like to change the diction Why or why not?
- Adjust words accordingly.
- Circle the word that matche the ands letters are revealed.
- Revealing the picture, does therord ma h the picture?


Celebrate all of the words that the stun accurately predict. Found on Page 59.


## ENDINGS

This organizer can be used as a whole class, small group or individual activity. For a whole class or small group activity, model adding word endings to sight words to form new words before asking students to try the activity on their own. As whole group, model the procedure using the overhead several times until students are proficient.

- Write the word: looks.
- He looks great in his new shirt.
- Which sight word will help you spell looks? (look)
- What ending do we need to add to look to spell looks? (-s)
- looks


## Found on Page 60.

$\qquad$

## Grade One Flash Cards

## after

again
an

(2)

## going had

her
jus $\dagger$
him
know
has
how
le†

## Picture Word Sentence Completion Set\#2

Choose a word from the box to make the sentence complete. The boxes show tall and small letters. The first one has been done for you.


1. We have a

on our farm.
2. I have a

3. Pick an

4. Look at the

in the sky.
5. You will need a $\square$
$\square$
$\square$

$\square$

6. What time do you go to $\square$
$\square$
$\square$

$\qquad$


$\qquad$

## Comprehension Quiz

## Circle the answer that is correct.

1. Which word is not a picture word?
a) it
b) cat
c) pot
2. Which word will not fit?

a) key
b) bee
c) bag
3. Which word cannot be eaten?
a) cheese b) apple
4. Which word is not an animal?
a) toe
b) cow
5. Which sentence has tw ratue words in it?
a) The cat and dog

b) I have a plane.
c) She went $\dagger$
(Circle (T) if the statement is TRUE or $\boldsymbol{F}$ if it is FALSE.
T F a) "Tree" is a picture word.
T F
b) "The, at, in" are picture words.

T F c) "Hand, finger, thumb" are body part picture words.
T F
d) "Green, yellow, orange" are picture words.

T F
e) "Bee" and "ball" rhyme.

