Contents

O	TEACHER GUIDE	
	• Assessment Rubric	4
	• How Is Our Literature Kit ™ Organized?	5
	• Graphic Organizers	
	Bloom's Taxonomy for Reading Comprehension	
	• Teaching Strategies	
	• Summary of the Story	8
	• Vocabulary	9
	STUDENT HANDOUTS	
	• Spotlight on Alice Walker	10
	• Letter Questions	
	Letters 1-9	11
	Letters 10-18	
	Letters 19-27	
	Letters 28-36	
		_
		26
		-0 29
	Letters 64-72	
	Letters 73-81	
	Letters 82-90.	
	• Writing Tasks	
	• Word Search	
	• Comprehension Quiz	†)
EZY	EASY MARKING™ ANSWER KEY	47
	GRAPHIC ORGANIZERS	53



Alice Walker

lice Malsenior Walker was born on February 9, 1944 in Putnam County, Georgia. The youngest of 8 children to Willie Lee Walker and Minnie Lou Tallulah Grant, her father earned \$300 a year for sharecropping and dairy farming. Her mother worked as a maid for 11 hours a day, and for \$17 per week. At the age of 4, her mother enrolled Alice into the first grade. At the age of 8, Alice began writing privately. In 1952, one of her brothers accidentally shot her in the right eye with a BB gun. Unable to get to a doctor until a week later, Alice was permanently blind in that eye. In 2013, Alice admitted the act was deliberate, but agreed to protect her brothers.



In 1961, Alice attended Spelman College in Atlanta on a full scholarship. Here she met Martin Luther King Jr. Later she transferred to Sarah Lawrence College near New York City, where she graduated in 1965, in her senior year at Sarah Lawrence, Alice wrote her first book of poetry. She then took a brief sabbatical from writing when she became interested in the U.S. Civil Rights Movement due to the influence of activist Howard Zinn, one of her professors at Spelman College.

In 1965 in New York City, Alice met Melvyn Roseman Leventhal, a Jewish civil rights lawyer. On March 17, 1967, the couple was married. Later that year, Alice and her husband relocated to Jackson, Mississippi, becoming the first legally married inter-racial couple in Mississippi. In 1969, the pair had a daughter, named Rebecca. The couple was divorced in 1976. In the mid-1990s, Alice was involved in a romance with singer-songwriter Tracy Chapman.

From 1968-1969, Alice worked as a writer in residence at Jackson State College, then once more in Tougaloo College from 1970-1971. Alice resumed her writing career while working as an editor at Ms. magazine, before moving to northern California in the late 1970s. In 1970, Alice published her first novel, The Third Life of Grange Copeland. In 1976, Meridian, her second novel, was published. Then, in 1982, The Color Purple was published. In 1983, Alice won both the Pulitzer Prize for Fiction, as well as the National Book Award for Fiction for The Color Purple. In 1985, the book was adapted into a critically acclaimed movie, as well as a Broadway musical in 2005. In 2001, Alice Walker was inducted into the Georgia Writers Hall of Fame.

Did You Know?

- •In 1984, Alice Walker and Robert L. Allen founded *Wild Tree Press*, a feminist publishing company in Anderson Valley, California.
- Walker took part in the 1963 March on Washington.
- On March 8, 2003, Alice was arrested with 26 others for crossing a police line during an anti-war rally outside the White House.

© CLASSROOM COMPLETE PRESS

© CLASSROOM COMPLETE PRESS



The Color Purple CC2008

The Color Purple CC2008

Cockleburs_

© CLASSROOM COMPLETE PRESS

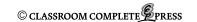
Innate .

NAME:	— After You Read 🔷 💮
Letters Sixty-fo	our to Seventy-two
Complete the paragraph by filling Section.	in each blank with the correct word from the
Well, it was a bright Spring day, sort o	f chill at first, like it be round, and the
first thing us notice soon as we turn into the	e lane is howeverything is, like even
though the ground everywhere else not wo	armed up good, Pa's land is warm and ready to
go. Then all along the road there's Easter Iil	ies andand daffodils and all kinds of
little early wildflowers. Then us notice all the	esinging they little cans off, all up and
down the, that itself is putting ou	ut little yellow flowers smell like Virginia It
e all so different from the rest of the	us drive through, it make us real quiet. I know this
sound funny, Nettie, but even the	seemed to stand a little longer over our heads.
2. Choose the most appropriate onsu	
a) How long has Nettie been in Africa?	b) What does Adam have a special
O A 6 months	aptitude for?
O B 3 years	A figures
C 1 year	B language
O D 5 years	O c writing
c) What does Tashi's father die of during t	ne D history
last rainy season?	d) What color do the Onlinka women paint their faces at a funeral?
O A consumption	O A black
	O B blue
O c flu	O c white
O D African Fever	O D red
e) Who does the entire territory, including the Olinka's village now	f) What does Corrine die of?
belong to?	O A African Fever
O A Trading Company	O B malaria
O B Rubber Manufacturer	O c tuberculosis
O c Coffee Plantation	O D flu
O D Diamond Miners	

33

	Before You Read NAME:
	Define Out 10ead
	Letters Sixty-four to Seventy-two
Ans	wer the questions in complete sentences.
1.	In the previous Section, Nettie describes how westerners come to Africa and quickly get sick and die off. Predict whether you believe Nettie and her western companion will survive the rainy season in Africa.
2.	In the upcoming Section, Celie sends her first letter to her sister. What do you predict swill say in her letter? Use evidence of Celie's character to support your prediction.
7	Write a complete sentence using the following words. Make sur the meaning of each word is clear in your sentences.
Hau	inches
	itude
Ap.,	
Ostr	racism
Rep	arations
Shui	nned
	ished

Describ the ma	h question with a complete sentence. e the roles of men and women in Olikan marriages. How does this differ rriages of those in the novel?
	the one thing about the Olinka that Netfle doesn'd like? Why do you this would act this way?
Go bad be in C letter re	ck to the second Before You Read question, where you predicted what velie's first letter to Nettie. How does your prediction compare to what Ceeads?
	the result of the Olinka's village being sold out from under them? Predictions of the Olinka due to this.
Describ the resu	e the use of clothing in society and culture as depicted in this Section. Vult of this to the African's way of life?
	ne story of how Corrine and Samuel got Olivia and Adam. What is the





findings to the class.

cultures you came up with. List the similar funeral customs in one column, and all the differences in another. What do you notice about the similarities and differences? Present your

The Color Purple CC2008



Letters 37 to 45

A Police Report

Imagine that you are a police officer charged with investigating the events that took place between Sofia and the Mayor. Write a police report following these events. Finally, explore the prejudices that would have played a part in acquiring all of the facts during this time. Be sure to include the following:

- interviews with those involved, friends and family
- interviews with those who knew the suspects
- details surrounding the events of that day
- background information leading up to the events





Letters 46 to 54

Timeline

From what you learn in Section 6, create a timeline of Shug and Albert's history together. For each key event, explore what both shug and Albert were feeling at the time and what drives their decisions. Then, explain how culture and society at the time influenced the outcome of each event. Be sure to include the fo

- When Shug and Al bert fell in love.
- The 3 children they have together.
- When her mother kicks Shug out of her home.
- When Albert marries Annie Julia.
- When Harpo and the other children are born.
- Annie Julia's affair with another man.



© CLASSROOM COMPLETE PRESS



The Color Purple CC2008

SUBTOTAL:

The Color Purple CC2008

/19

NAME: After You Read Comprehension Quiz Answer each question in a complete sentence. What is the nightmare that Harpo has of his mother? What is Mr. _____ views on wives and how to control them? Why is Sofia arrested? What is ironic about her se What injuries does Sofia sustain while spending time in jail? What revelations are revealed when Celie finds her sister's letters? What is Shug's real name? Why do people call her Shug? Describe what the old Albert was like and what the new Albert is like according to Shug.

45



Word Search Puzzle

Find the following words from the story. The words are written horizontally, vertically, diagonally, and some are written backwards.

aptitude git pomade blasphemy ignorant preen cackle impish pulpit chifferobe midwife reparations convict muse repent deef ostracism repugnance downtrodden parole sanctified fractious plaits scarification							seining foting troth ululation whirling yourn																
i	n	d	i	g	n	а	t	i	0	n	а	С	h		е	f	s	h	С	n	0	С	i
n	n	0	i	t	i	n	е	m	е	r	р	Z	f	a	a	b	У	У	h	k	S	n	b
g	V	r	d	t	ı	У	n	t	У	n	е		k	Ç	а	С	ı	S	w	S	n	g	h
u	i	n	b	0	d	Z	а	n	d	р	t	a	S		а	h	h	е	d	а	m	0	р
I	а	t	0	t	i	n	g	f	0	i	h	S	N.	р	m	i	S	n	е	٧	i	i	е
g	f	r	b	r	j	k	S	z	р	1	T	е	V	d	b	f	i	r	е	g	d	h	d
S	а	r	g	р	h	Z	Х	ı	h	е	r	e	b	h	d	f	u	i	Z	е	r	g	е
f	r	а	С	t	i	0	u	S	g	n	i	t	t	0	r	е	g	а	У	р	r	u	i
е	е	У	f	I	а	р	а	0	r	а	V	n	0	٧	0	r	S	t	i	а	-	р	f
f	р	m	٧	g	i	е	0	V	0	р	e	m	n	u	t	0	r	n	j	Z	Ø	а	i
٧	е	е	r	n	S	g	٧	t	p	d	а	У	d	0	r	b	S	i	b	b	S	r	t
d	n	n	У	i	а	f	n	r	d	1	ı	r	i	b	I	е	t	С	i	٧	n	0	С
а	t	S	٧	1	i	٧		0	S	е	f	i	W	d	i	m	n	е	m	а	0	ı	n
d		d	t	r	m	d	r	<u> </u>	r	d	S	h	ı	n	g	r	е	V	1	С	i	е	а
u	V	t	а	i	0	†	a	h	W	а	0	i	i	W	g	m	u	i	0	V	†	g	S
X	а	t	n	h	n	p	е	S	f	S	n	n	i	b	е	р	е	u	u	r	а	j	У
b	n	g	i	W	0	n'	þ	e	а	m	g	t	i	0	р	р	r	е	S .	S	r	V	е
<u> </u>	r	Z	0	C	a		h		р	а	f	m :	i	r	h	S	d	У	i	е	а	a	d
a	е	d	n	t	У	Č	У :	o f	†	W	e	i	V :	n	1	†	n	а	0		р	d	†
S	l n	a	s r	С	a b	r	i k	-	i t	С	a b	t	i	0	n a	e	†	е	g	u	е	b	a f
p h	n m	o d	e e	е	n	u s	a	С	u	i	d	е	c d	n e	t t	n i	g b	u a	p f	e n	r i	x n	u
e e	u	m	b	g y	р	5 V	t	i	d	e	g	e	ı	i	V	i	r	р	r	e	d	n	u
m	s	i ii	С	a	r	t	S	0	e	a	g f	0	n	0	i	†	a	ı	u	ı	u	S	g

© CLASSROOM COMPLETE PRESS

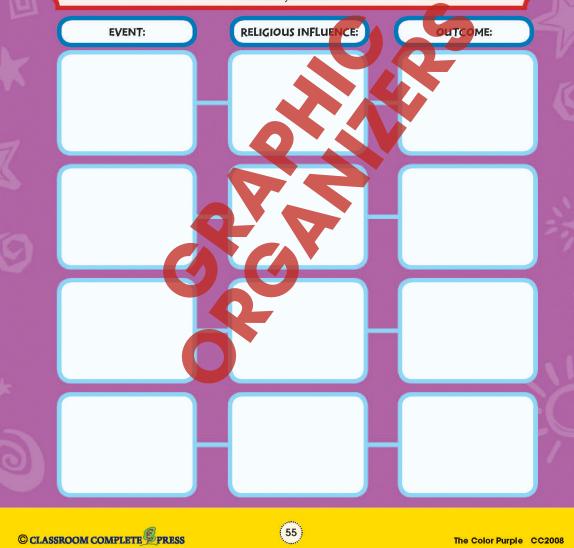


The Color Purple CC2008

The Color Purple CC2008

Religion and Culture

In the novel, The Color Purple, religion plays a recurring and pivotal role in the society and culture of the American South. Complete the chart below highlighting how religion has directly affected outcomes of important events in the novel. In the first column, identify the major event. In the second column, describe how religion influences the people living in American culture regarding this event. In the third column, identify the outcome religion plays on the major event.



NAME:	After You Read

Letters Nineteen to Twenty-seven

Answer each question with a complete sentence.

1.	Sofia says she had to fight all her life against her father, brothers, cousins and uncles. She
	never thought she would have to fight in her own home. Why would she believe she
	would never have to fight her husband?

2. How are Sofia and Celie different? What might Celie learn from	Sofia?
---	--------

3.	At the conclusion of this Section, Celie notes that while sitting between Mr	and
	Shug Avery, she feels just right for the first time in her life. Why is this? Support your o	pinion
	with examples from the text.	

4.	How did Celie manage	to get Shug Avery to eat something? What effect did this have
	on Celie and Mr	_'s relationship?

Describe Celie and Shug Avery's first meeting. Predict how this may change in the

How does Harpo's attempt to submit Sofia work out for him? Who "wins" the fight for dominance? Use evidence from the text to support your position.



In this Section, Harpo approaches his father and Celie for advice on how to control his new wife, Sofia. Both tell him to beat her into submission. In a journal entry, discuss the differences in gender relationships from then to now. Provide new advice for both Sofia and Harpo.





The Color Purple CC2008

Unlike Celie, Sofia will continue to talk when Harpo or Mr. come into the room. If asked where something is, she will respond with "I don't know." Answers will vary, but may include: How to fight.

She ate cured ham in front of h r. Nobody living can stand ell of home cured ham tasting it. This caused to laugh and become relieved.

Harpo and Sofia seem to fight equally, both acquiring cuts and bruises. Sofia wins the "fight" by not submitting. After the fight, Sofia, Harpo and the children are seen leaving to visit her sister, inferring that she won dominance.



Vocabulary

Across

1. rummage

6. donate

8. gluttons

9. quilt

10. hant

12. troth 13. reckon

14. clabber

Down

2. undernourish

3. muse

4. daidie

11. corral

q) hug

r) knees

a) sisters **b)** amazons

c) wagons

d) mattress

e) rocking

f) steps

g) seining h) creek

i) whistle

j) jar

k) quilt

I) cold

o) daidies

p) corral

s) mules



Cold drinks, barbecue, chitlins, store bought bread, a sign saying "Harpo's" tacked up on the side of the house and on the road. Answers will vary.

_ is weak, can't make up his mind what he wants, he's a bully. He smells right to her, he's little, he makes her laugh. Answers will varv.

Answers will vary, but may include: Harpo eats so he can become bigger and physically dominate Sofia. "He trying to git as big as you, I say." His constant struggle to control her has caused her to fall out of love with him.

First Shug sings a song called "A Good Man is Hard to Find" while looking at Mr. while she sings it. Next she sings a song called "Miss Celie's Song". Answers will vary.



Answers will vary.





The Color Purple

- RSL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- **RSL.9-10.2** Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.
- **RSL.9-10.3** Analyze how complex characters develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.
- **RSL.9-10.4** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.
- RSL.9-10.7 Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each treatment.
- **RSL.9-10.10** By the end of grade 9 read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 9–10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
- **RSL.11-12.1** Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
- **RSL.11-12.2** Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.
- **RSL.11-12.3** Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama.
- **RSL.11-12.4** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful.
- **RSL.11-12.7** Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem, evaluating how each version interprets the source text. **RSL.11-12.10** By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11–CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 11–CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.
- WS.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
- WS.9-10.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- **WS.9-10.3** Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences..
- WS.9-10.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- **WS.9-10.7** Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
- **WS.9-10.8** Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
- WS.9-10.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
- WS.11-12.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
- **WS.11-12.2** Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- **WS.11-12.3** Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
- WS.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- **WS.11-12.7** Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
- **WS.11-12.8** Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
- WS.11-12.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.