

Adjectives That Tell What Kind ①

Some adjectives tell **what kind**.



a **small** dog



a **sleepy** bear

➡ Underline each adjective that tells **what kind**.

1. I want to write short, funny stories.
2. Sarah likes chocolate ice cream.
3. You carry the heavy brown bag.
4. That is the correct answer.
5. Cheetahs are fast runners.
6. I picked the slow line at the grocery store.
7. Chad needs to make a tough choice.
8. Eric heard the bad news.
9. You have beautiful green eyes.
10. Evan rode a red bike with wide tires.
11. The frightened girls rushed out the back door.
12. Ali ate the last, delicious bite.

Adjectives After Linking Verbs ①

A **linking verb** links the subject with a describing word in the predicate. The describing word is a **predicate adjective** because it is in the predicate of a sentence.

Jason was angry.

Your cake tastes delicious.

Common linking verbs are **be** (*is, are, was, were*) **seem, look, feel, taste, and smell**.

➡ The predicate in each sentence below is underlined. Circle each **predicate adjective**.

1. This orange tastes sour.
2. The answer seems obvious to me.
3. The corsage smelled sweet.
4. It feels cooler in the shade.
5. The crowd was excited about the touchdown.
6. Andrea looked worried by the news.
7. We are eager to get started.
8. That fabric on the counter feels silky.
9. The noise seems closer to us now.
10. That ski course looks challenging for beginners.



Comparing With Adjectives ③

If an adjective has two or more syllables, we often use the words **more** and **most** or **less** and **least** to make comparisons.

beautiful → more beautiful → most beautiful

harmful → less harmful → least harmful

Use **more** or **less** to compare two things. Use **most** or **least** to compare three or more things.

➡ Write **more** or **most** to complete each sentence correctly.

1. That is the _____ wonderful present I've ever received.
2. Jan is _____ trusting than I am.
3. I am _____ interested in art than music.
4. It feels _____ comfortable in the shade than it does in the sun.
5. Karin is the _____ generous person I know.



➡ Write **less** or **least** to complete each sentence correctly.

6. Playing golf is _____ dangerous than playing basketball.
7. What is the _____ expensive candy bar that you sell?
8. This measurement is _____ accurate than the first one.
9. That is the _____ believable tale I've ever heard.
10. My cat is _____ affectionate than my dog.

Identifying Adverbs ④

Adverbs that modify adjectives or other adverbs usually tell **how much** or **to what extent**.

really hungry

totally dark

very quickly

so surprised

➔ Underline each adverb that tells **how much** or **to what extent**.

1. The magician's tricks were truly amazing.
2. We turned around very slowly.
3. I laughed so hard, I nearly cried.
4. It was a nearly perfect evening.
5. The hunters crept almost noiselessly through the jungle.
6. Why are you completely happy in the morning?
7. Quite suddenly, I realized what had happened.
8. You went the entirely wrong direction.
9. The kids eagerly tossed toys into the cart until it was completely full.
10. Are you being absolutely truthful now?
11. Mr. Green was totally satisfied with our performance.
12. They were so surprised that their eyes popped wide open.

